Chartered Accountants

707, Tapas Elegance, H Colony, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad – 380015 Phone :- +91 91674 04303 Email :- chintan@ddco.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
To the Members of Viaz Tyres Limited
(Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited)
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2023, the statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its profit, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act ("SAs"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing 50, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent

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with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
- g) As required by section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. There is no pending litigation on Company for which disclosure is required

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- The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in notes to accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations given under (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.

For **Doshi & Co**, Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 153683

Chintan Doshi

Partner

Membership No.:158931

UDIN: 23158931BGVDTX7065

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 27, 2023

Chartered Accountants

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"Annexure – A" referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Viaz Tyres Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members of Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March, 2023.

- 1. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
 - (b) Some of the fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the management in accordance with programmed of verification, which in our opinion provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification of the fixed assets is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, Company does not possess any immovable property, hence this clause will not be applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination, the Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31st March, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- 2. (a) The stock of Inventories has been physically verified at reasonable intervals by the Management.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed monthly returns or statements with such banks, which are in agreement with the books of account other than those as set out in Note 33 of financial statements.
- 3. As informed, Company has not given any loans, secured or unsecured to firms or other parties listed in register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Hence, reporting under clause (iii) (a) to (f) of the order is not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any loans, guarantees or security or made any investments to which provisions

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of section 185 and 186 of the Act is applicable, and accordingly paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- 5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the Public within the meaning of the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, no order has been passed by the Company Law Board of National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other Tribunal, in this regard.
- 6. According to information and explanation given to us, the Company is not required to maintain any cost records as specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Act Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees state insurance, Income Tax, Value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues during the year with the appropriate authorities. Moreover, as at March 31, 2023, there are no such undisputed dues payable for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) There are no dues outstanding in respect of income- tax, sales-tax, service- tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax on account of any dispute.
- 8. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- 9. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied, on an overall basis, for the purposes for which they were obtained.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for long term purposes.

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- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilised the money raised by way of initial public offer for the purpose for which they were raised.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year;
- 11. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were is no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- 12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standard.
- 14. In our opinion and based on our examination, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- 16. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Order is not applicable.
- 17. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year, hence this clause is not applicable.
- 19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- 20. The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Doshi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 153683V

Chintan Doshi

Partner

Membership No.:158931

UDIN: 23158931BGVDTX7065

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 27, 2023

Chartered Accountants

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ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT - 31 MARCH 2023

Referred to in paragraph 2 (h) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of **Viaz Tyres Limited** (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Viaz Tyres Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and Board of Director's are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls which were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based

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on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the company; and
- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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Opinion

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

DOSH

For Doshi Doshi& Co,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 153683W

Chintan Doshi

Partner

Membership No.:158931 UDIN: 23158931BGVDTX7065

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 27, 2023 (All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

			·	
Particulars		Note No	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Equity and liabilities				
Shareholders' funds				
Equity share capital		3	1,225	425
Reserves and surplus		4	1,885	178
neserves and surplus			3,110	603
Non-current liabilities				
Long term borrowings		5	216	979
Long-term provisions		6	4	2
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)		7	32	38
belefied tax liabilities (Net)		960	251	1,019
Current liabilities				1,015
Short term borrowings		8	871	1,017
Trade payables		0	8/1	1,017
- Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		9		
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small ente	erprises	9	274	172
Other current liabilities		10	15	27
Short-term provisions		6	74	30
			1,234	1,246
Total			4,595	2,866
9.				-,,,,,,
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment				
Tangible assets		11	651	760
Long-term loans and advances		12	37	16
			688	776
Current assets				
Inventories		13	1,126	867
Trade receivables	20	14	1,936	1,046
Cash and cash equivalents		15	3	5
Short-term loans and advances		16	819	149
Other current assets		17	24	22
			3,907	2,090
				2,030
Total			4,595	2,866
52/02/09/				

Notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements. This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Doshi Doshi & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 153683W

Chintan Doshi

Partner

Membership No.: 158931

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Janakkumar M. Patel

Director DIN: 03329692 Place : Ahmedabad

Date: 27 May 2023

Akshita Dave Company Secretary Membership No. :- A45162

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023 Rajeshkumar P. Patel Director and CFO DIN: 07883688

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023



Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended Mar 31, 2023 (All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

Particulars		Note No	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Income (A)				
Revenue from operations		18	4,592	2,920
Other income		19	36	11
Total income			4,628	2,931
		- S-		
Expenses (B)				
Cost of Material Consumed		20	3,531	2,189
Changes in Inventories		22	126	(7)
Employee benefits expense		23	118	65
Finance cost		24	128	136
Depreciation and amortisation expense		25	127	144
Other expenses		26	327	230
Total expenses		25	4,357	2,757
Profit before tax and prior period (I-II)			271	174
Preliminary expenses		-		
Profit before tax			271	174
Tax expenses				
Current tax			75	28
Earlier year Income Tax				(1)
Deferred tax (credit) / charge		7	(6)	3
Total tax expenses			69	30
Profit for the year (A-B)			202	144
Profit per equity share of face value of Rs. 10	each			
Basic (in Rs.)		27	2.18	3.38

Notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements. This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

FRN:

536831

For Doshi Doshi & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 153683W

Chintan Doshi

Partner

Membership No.: 158931

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Janakkumar M. Patel

Director

DIN: 03329692

Place : Ahmedabad

Date: 27 May 2023

Akshita Dave

Company Secretary

Membership No. :- A45162

Place : Ahmedabad

Date: 27 May 2023

Rajeshkumar P. Patel Director and CFO DIN: 07883688

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023



Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	271 .	174
Adjustments for:		
Finance cost	128	135
epreciation and amortisation income	127	144
nterest income	(2)	¥
Operating loss before working capital changes	523	453
Movements in working capital:	(890)	(568)
ecrease/(increase) in Trade receivables	(2)	(500)
Decrease/(increase) in Other current assets	(670)	387
ecrease/(increase) in Short-term loans and advances ecrease/(increase) in Inventories	(259)	(37)
Decrease/(increase) in Long-term loans and advances	(21)	(37)
Decrease) (increase in Trade payables	102	29
Decrease)/increase in Trace payables Decrease)/increase in Short term Provisions	43	17
Decrease)/increase in Other current liabilities	(12)	23
Decrease)/increase in Long term Provisions	2	2
Cash generated (used in)/from operations	(1,182)	313
ncome tax paid	(75)	(27)
Net cash flow generated (used in)/from operating activities (A)	(1,257)	285
3. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
nterest received	2	
ixed Deposit bought		(22)
urchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(18)	(109)
let cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(17)	(131
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
epayment of short-term borrowings	(909)	(52
resh Issuance of Equity Shares including Securities Premium	2,305	5.00
inance cost	(128)	(135
let cash flow used in financing activities (C)	1,268	(187
let (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(6)	(33)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5	37
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 15)	(2)	5

Notes

The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Accounting Standard 3 ('AS 3') on Cash Flow Statement prescribed in Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006.

This is the cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Doshi Doshi & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 153683W

Chintan Doshi Partner

Membership No.: 158931

Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Janakkumár M. Patel

Director DIN: 03329692 Place : Ahmedabad

Place : Anmedabad

Akshita Dave Company Secretary

Membership No. :- A45162 Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 27 May 2023

Rajeshkumfar P. Patel Director and CFO

DIN: 07883688 Place : Ahmedabad Date : 27 May 2023



(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

1 Corporate information

Viaz Tyres Limited (formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) (the "Company") was incorporated in India on 27th August 2018 and having its registered office at 915/916 Maple Trade, Nr. Surdhara Circle, Sal Hospital Road, Thaltej, Ahmedabad - 380059, Gujarat. Company is engaged in Manufacturing of Tyre Tubes of vehicles.

2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP), including the Companies (Accounting Standards), Rules, 2006 (as amended). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of the assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as up to twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalisation criteria are met, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and initial estimate of decommissioning, restoring and similar liabilities. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

c) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (on FIFO / weighted average basis) and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to the point of sale, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges. Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and, where applicable, Goods and Service Tax.

d) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment and intangibles

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on written down value basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives specified in the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has used the following useful life to provide depreciation on its property, plant and equipment.

Description of asset	Useful life
Leasehold Improvements	30 years
Office equipment	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Plant and Machinery	15 years
Vehicles	8 years

Depreciation and amortisation on assets acquired / disposed of during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of acquisition / disposal.

Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

e) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Company's cashgenerating units to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations are generally covering a period of five years. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The Company assess its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if it is acting as principle or agent. The Company has concluded that its is acting as a principal for all of its revenue arrangements.

g) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

h) Foreign currency transactions

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

Treatment of exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on settlement / restatement of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are recognised as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.





(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

i) Leases

Where the Company is the lessee

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

j) Retirement benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The Company operates defined benefit plan for its employees viz. gratuity. The costs of providing benefits under these plans are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Separate actuarial valuation is carried out for each plan using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses for both defined benefit plans are recognised in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss.

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilised within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company recognises termination benefit as a liability and an expense when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the termination benefits fall due more than 12 months after the balance sheet date, they are measured at present value of future cash flows using the discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the balance sheet date on government bonds.

k) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences for the earlier years. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In situation where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realised against future taxable profits.

At each reporting date, the company re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax assets. It recognises unrecognised deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that is becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. The Company recognises MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Company recognises MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternative Tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement." The Company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

I) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are applicable as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited)
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023
(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprises cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

n) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

o) Contingent liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

p) Segment Reporting

The company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the company operate.

g) Government Grants

Government grants / subsidies received towards specific fixed assets have been deducted from the gross value of the concerned fixed assets and grant / subsidies received during the year towards revenue expenses have been reduced from respective expenses.

Export benefits / incentives are accounted on accrual basis. Accordingly, estimated export benefits against exports affected during the year are taken into account as estimated incentives accrued till the end of the year. In case of License not revalidated after the date of expiry, the proportionate export benefit / incentive taken credit in earlier year(s) is written off in the year of expiry of License.





3	Share capital	//			
	Particulars	Numbers	As at 31 March 2023	Numbers	As at 31 March 2022
	Authorised				122
	Equity shares of Rs.10 each	12,510,000	1,251	4,510,000	451
	24-74		1,251		451
	Issued, subscribed and paid up				
	Equity shares of Rs.10 each	12,251,000	1,225	4,250,000	425
	Total		1,225	ä	425
(a)	Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning as	nd at the end of the reportir	ng period		
	Outstanding equity shares at the beginning of the year			4,250,000	4,250,000
	Add: Issue of equity shares during the year			3,726,000	
	Add: Bonus Issue of equity shares during the year			4,275,000	-
	Outstanding equity shares at the end of the year			12,251,000	4,250,000

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share carries one vote and is entitled to dividend that may be declared by the Board of Directors, which is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares

betails of snares neid by each shareholder holding more	Midit 2/0 Midi C2			
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	Number	% Shareholding	Number	% Shareholding
JANAKKUMAR MAHENDRABHAI PATEL	2,696,100	22.01%	850,000	20%
RAJESH PRABHUDAS PATEL	1,325,250	10.82%	467,500	11%
NIKITABEN UTSAV KANAKIA	969,000	7.92%	510,000	12%
HIMABEN JANAKKUMAR PATEL	933,850	7.62%	467,500	11%
PARICHAYKUMAR MAGANBHAI PATEL	918,650	7.50%	467,500	11%
NATVARBHAI CHANDUBHAI PATEL	837.900	6.84%	425,000	10%
KENABEN PARICHAYKUMAR PATEL	837,900	6.84%	425,000	10%
KEVAL MANUPRASAD BHATT	403,750	3%	212,500	5%
KEVAL MANUPRASAU BRATT	100/100			

As per records of the Company, including its register of members and other declaration received from share holders regarding beneficiary interest, the above share holding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

(e) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceeding the reporting date.

Particulars	Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2022
Particulars	Number	Number
Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of reserves	4,275,000	

(f) Details of shareholding of promoters:

''	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year	Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2023	% change during the
	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	period / year
	PARICHAYKUMAR MAGANBHAI PATEL	918,650	7.50%	-3.50%
	JANAKKUMAR MAHENDRABHAI PATEL	2,696,100	22.01%	2.01%
	HIMABEN JANAKKUMAR PATEL	933,850	7.62%	-3.38%
	NIRMABEN RAJESHKUMAR PATEL	30,400	0.25%	0.09%
	KENABEN PARICHAYKUMAR PATEL	837,900	6.84%	-3.16%
	RAJESH PRABHUDAS PATEL	1,325,250	10.82%	-0.18%

Reserves and surplus	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Securities premium account	21	12
Opening balance		· ·
Add: Addition for the year	1,933	3 5
Less: Bonus issue during the year	(255)	
Closing balance	1,678	-
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		34
Opening balance	178	
Add: Profit for the year	202	144
Less: Bonus issue during the year	(173)	
Net surplus in statement of profit and loss		178
14200	1,885	178





(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

Long term borrowings	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Secured		
Term loans	216	818
- from banks	216	818
Unsecured	180	161
Loan from directors		161
	216	979

Securities for term loans

- A) Term loans of Rs. 216 Lakhs (Previous year :- Rs. 982 Lakhs) including current maturity of long term debts as given in Note no. 8 and cash credit of Rs. 8,71 Lakhs (Previous year :- Rs. 854 Lakhs) from State Bank of India is primarily secured by :-
- (i) 100% Hypothecation of stocks, book debts and all other current assets of the Company.
- (ii) All plant & machineries along with accessories, stores and spares purchased out of bank finance, already purchased and proposed to be purchased out bank finance for solar rooftop project.
- B) Further, the aforesaid loans listed in point (A) above is secured with collateral security by following immovable properties:-
- (i) Factory land and buildings bearing old survey no. 1352/ new survey no. 492, situated at Nandasan, Kadi, Mehsana 382705 in the name of Director Mr. Janakkumar Mahendrabhai Patel.
- (ii) Residential Building bearing survey number 807, plot no. 09, situated at Raj Villa Bunglows, Mahakali Mandir, Mahavirnagar, Himmatnagar 383001 in the name of Director - Mr. Rajeshkumar Prabhudas Patel.
- (iii) Residential plot bearing survey number 799, plot no. 88, situated at open residential plot, behind decent school, opp. asian parivar, Mahakali Mandir, Mahavirnagar, Himmatnagar - 383001 in the name of Director - Mr. Parichaykumar Patel and Mrs. Kenaben Parichaykumar Patel.
- C) Further, Directors of Company has provide personal guarantee against security to aforesaid loan listed in point (A) above.

Term of Repayment

- a) Term loan from SBI in the form of GECL Extension Woking capital term loan of Rs. 216 Lakhs repayable in 36 principal installments of Rs. 6 Lakhs starting from Apr 2024.
- b) Range of interest on borrowings is between 7.40% to 9.25%.

6 Provisions

The liabilities recognised for employees consist of the following amounts:

Long-term provisions

Provision for gratuity - Long term

4	2
4	2
0	0
74	30
 74	30



Provision for gratuity - Short term

Provision for tax (net of advance tax)





(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

Note 6: Provision (continued)

(i) Defined benefit plan

The Company has gratuity as defined benefit retirement plan for its employees. Disclosures as required by Accounting Standard - 15 (Revised) for the period ended 31 Mar 2023 are as under:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I. The amount recognised in the statement of profit or loss are as follows		
1. Current service cost	2	1
2. Service and Interest Cost of earlier years	-	1
3. Interest cost	0	0
4. Net Actuarial losses/(gains) recognised during the period.	(0)	(0)
Total expense/(Income) included in "Employee benefits expense"	2	2
II. Amounts recognised in the balance sheet		
Net Defined Benefit obligation		
Present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	4	2
	4	2
III. Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation		
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	2	
Deemed Defined benefit obligation of earlier years		1
Current service cost	2	1
Interest cost	0	(0)
Actuarial gain on defined benefit obligation	(0)	(0)
Present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year	4	
	For the year ended 31	For the year ended 31
IV. Actuarial assumptions	March 2023	March 2022
The principal assumptions used in determining benefit obligations are shown below:	7.50%	7.25%
Discount rate		5.00%
Expected rate of salary increase	5.00%	5.00%
Withdrawal rate	5.00%	5.00%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

11	Evnorionce	adjustments	ė

V. Experience adjustments	24 14 - 1 2024	31 March 2022	31 March 2023		
Particulars	31 March 2020	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	OI WILL	4
Defined benefit obligation	-	- 22	2		4
Surplus / (deficit)	-	*	(2)	Ť	(4)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	7.083		=		~

0250		101 11 1	/ D-5d	hour Annuato /No	11+
7	Deferred tay liabilitie	es (Net) /	Deterred	tax Assests (Ne	((3

Deferred tax liabilities (Net) / (Deferred tax Ass	ests (Net))			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	Charge / (credit) for the current reporting year	As at March 31, 2022	
Deferred Tax Liabilities	1/4	- (5)		38
Depreciation		2 (6)		38
	3	2 (6)		36
Deferred Tax Assets				1
Gratuity u/s 40A(7)		1 - (c)		38
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities / (assets)	3	2 (6)		36
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Charge / (credit) for the current reporting year	As at March 31, 2021	
Deferred Tax Liabilities		18 4		35
Depreciation				35
		18 4		33
Deferred Tax Assets		1 0.59		-
Gratuity u/s 40A(7)			-	35
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities / (assets)		38 3	DES	33

Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

8 Short Term Borrowings

<u>Secured</u>	122	054
Cash Credit	871	854
Current maturity of long term borrowings	-	163
Current maturity of long term borrowings	871	1,017
a) Refer Note no. 5 security clause for details of security against cash credit.		
9 Trade payables - Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (Refer note below)		090
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	274	172
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than filler and small effectivises	274	172

Outstanding for following periods for Particulars	MSME	Others		Disputed dues – MSME	Disputed dues – Others	
Less than 1 year			269	-		*
1-2 years			4	#		7
2-3 years		-		5		-
More than 3 years		5	•	•		-
Total		-	274			-

 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022

 Particulars
 MSME
 Others
 Disputed dues – MSME
 Disputed dues – Others

 Less than 1 year
 168

 1-2 years
 4

 2-3 years

 More than 3 years

 Total
 172

The Company has not received information from vendors regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) and hence disclosure relating to the amounts unpaid as at the end of the current reporting period together with interest paid/ payable under this Act has not been given.

10	Other c	urrent	liabilities
----	---------	--------	-------------

Expense Payable Statutory Dues Advance received from customers

10	
15	27
7	20
4	2
4	4





(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

11	Property.	Plant and	equipment
----	-----------	-----------	-----------

Particulars	LEASEHOLDS IMPROVEMENTS	PLANT & MACHINERY	OFFICE EQUIPMENTS	FURNITURE & FIXTURES	VEHICLES	Total
Gross block						
Balance as at 31 March 2021	28	1,049	1	10		1,087
Additions during the year	15	86	1	1	6	109
Disposals during the year			7/	(-)		149
Balance as at 31 March 2022	43	1,134	2	11	6	1,196
Disposals during the year		13	1	1		14
Disposals during the year		-	-		-	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	43	1,147	3	12	6	1,210
Depreciation and impairment Balance as at 31 March 2021	4	279	0	4	- 1	288 144
Charge for the year	3	139	1	1	1	144
Disposals during the year	-		-) = (
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6	418	1	6	1	432
Charge for the year	3	120	1	1		127
Disposals during the year		-				151
Balance as at 31 March 2023	9	538	2	7		559
Net Book Value						
Net Book Value As at 31 March 2023	34	609	1	4	3 5	651 764





(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

2	As arch 202
Inventories 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 3	
Inventorles 37 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Inventories 37	1
Stock at end - RM	1
Stock at end - NP	-
Stock at end - WF Stock at end - FG 1,126	6
Trade receivables Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered good - Constant good - Co	75
Unstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered good - Considered good unless otherwise stated) - Advance to vendors - Considered good unless otherwise stated) - Constancing the following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2023 - Considered good unless otherwise stated) - Constancing the following periods from due date of pay	86
Unstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered good - Considered good - Considered good - Considered doubtful - 188 Less: Provision for doubtful debts - Considered good - Total - 1,748 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936 - 1,936	
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered good - Considered good - Considered doubtful debts Less: Provision for doubtful debts State - Considered good unless otherwise stated) - Considered good unless otherwise stated) - Considered good unless than one year	
- Considered good - Considered doubtful - Considered doubtful - Considered doubtful debts - 188	
Considered doubtful debts	14
Less: Provision for doubtful debts 188 Other receivables	×
Total 1,748 Purticulars 2,3 years 12,2 years 13,2 years 14,2 years 14,2 years 15,2 years 16,2 year	148
Total To	148
Total Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2023 Particulars East han 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years Nore than 3 years Total Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Above than 3 years 1,045 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046 1,046	89
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2023 Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Undisputed - Considered good Undisputed - Considered doubtful Undisputed - Considered good Undisputed - Considered good good good good good good good go	1,04
Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-325 Less than 6 month 7-2 years 148 2-3 years 158 1-397 Modisputed - Considered good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated) A good Undisputed - Considered good unless otherwise stated)	1,0
Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Dutstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Undisputed - Considered good Particulars Dundisputed - Considered good Undisputed - Considered good	Consider
Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 188 Undisputed - Considered good Undisputed - Considered doubtful 1-2 years 1-2 years 1-2 years 1-2 years 1-2 years 1-2 years 1-3 years 1-48 1-6 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees 3 3 3 5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Total Dutstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Undisputed - Considered good good Undisputed - Considered doubtful 897 Eess than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1 - 2 years 1 - 48 2-3 years 1 - 48 2-3 years 1 - 48 2-3 years 1 - 48 3 - 48 4 - 48 5 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Solorit term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	-
1-2 years Nore than 3 years Total Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 148 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	(*)
2-3 years More than 3 years Total Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 148 2-3 years More than 3 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	-
Total Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 148 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	343
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at Mar 31, 2022 Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	676
Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees 5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	-
Particulars Less than 6 month 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 1-2 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees 5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	Consider
Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 5 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees 6 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 5 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees 5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	16.5
1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 5 Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees 5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	-
2-3 years More than 3 years Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	11 -
Total Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	197
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	-
Cash on hand In Indian Rupees Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	2.70
In Indian Rupees 3 3 5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
5 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
Advance to vendors Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
Fixed Deposits having maturity less than one year	
106	
Balance with Government Authorities	
819	1
7 Other current assets	
Front Incentive receivable 7	
Proposid Evnense	T.
DOSHI 24	
E. C.	
RES ,	
* Descoon *	
(S)	

Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ende 31 March 202
9 Revenue from operations	MATERIAL SALES	
Sale of products	4,592	2,920
	4,592	2,920
0 Other income		
Interest income	2	=
Export Incentive	27	184
Exchange Fluctuation (Net)	<u>8</u> 8	1:
21 Cost of Material Consumed	64	3
Opening Stock of RM and PM .	3,916	2,21
Cost of purchases	(449)	(6
Closing Stock of RM and PM	3,531	2,18
	3,331	2,10
22 Changes in inventories		
Stock at close	0.24710004	
WIP and FG	(677)	(80
Less : Stock at commencement		
WIP and FG	804	79
	126	
	120	
23 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and bonus	93	5
Director Remuneration	23	
Gratuity expense	2	(
	117	
24 Finance costs		No.
Interest expense	122	13
Interest Expense on Tax	0	
Other Borrowing Cost	6	13
	128	1.
25 Depreciation and amortisation expense	Many	N 220
Depreciation on tangible assets		14
DOSHI	127	14



(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ender 31 March 202:	
5 Other expenses		20	
Rates and taxes	22	20 36	
Power and fuel	56	33-54	
Rent Expense	13	8	
Legal and professional fees	59	- 4	
Frieght expense	69	70	
Repair and maintenance - others	28	27	
Payments to auditor (refer details below)	4		
Travelling and Conveyance	8	1:	
Manpower cost	39	2	
Selling and distribution expenses	19	1	
Director Sitting Fees	1	-	
Insurance	5	,	
Miscellaneous expenses	4		
	327	23	
Payment to auditor excl GST	703t-		
-Statutory Audit	4		
Total	4		
7 Profit per Equity share			
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (A)	202	14	
Nominal value per equity share	10	1	
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (B)	9,244,814	4,250,00	
Basic profit per equity share in rupees of face value of INR 10 (A)/(B)	2.18	3.3	



(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

28 Related party disclosure as required by Accounting standard (AS)-18 "Related Party Disclosures"

ii) Companies / Entity significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel

Viaz Enterprise

iii) Key Management Personnel

Rajeshkumar P. Patel Janakkumar M. Patel

iv) Related party transactions and outstanding balances

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with the related parties for the relevant financial year and the outstanding balances as at Mar 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

Particulars	Year ended/ As at	Sale of Product	Directors Remuneration	Rent Paid	Loan Taken / (Given)	Loan Repaid / (Received)	Directors Loan payable / (Receivable)	Amount receivable from related parties	Amount payable to related parties
Companies / Entity significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel		n							
Viaz Enterprises	31-Mar-23 31-Mar-22	58 19		2000 1000	5.	3		27 22	:
Key Management Personnel Rajeshkumar P. Patel	31-Mar-23 31-Mar-22	180	11 5	8	- 152	144 9		*	1 7
Janakkumar M. Patel	31-Mar-23 31-Mar-22	21	12 4	4	2 24	19 7	1 SS-201	-	0

Note

Related party relationships as per Accounting Standard 18 have been identified by the Management. The sale and cost from related parties are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms equivalent

to those that prevail in arm's length transactions



(All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

9 Earnings in foreign currency	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	549	170
Sale of products	549	170
	As at	As at
Expenditure in foreign currency	31 Mar 2023	31 March 2022
Cost of purchase		*
Cost of purchase	-	•
	As at	As at
CIF value of Imports	31 Mar 2023	31 March 2022
CIF value of Import for component & spares	(a) (a) (b) (a) (a) (b) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a	

32 Capital commitment and contingent liabilities

a) Capital commitment

There are no capital commitment outstanding as at reporting date (as at March 31, 2022: Nil).

b) Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities

33

33 Summary of Sub	missions to	Banks and its comparision ag	gainst books of accounts				
1992	onth	Name of Bank	Particulars provided	Amount as per Books	Amount reported to banks	Amount of difference	Reason for material discrepancies
Ap	r-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	1,864	1,864		
Ma	ıy-22	State Bank of India	Stack + Book Debts	2,001	2,001	*	
Jul	n-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,204	2,204	-	
Ju	1-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,237	2,237	*	Amount of stock reported to
Au	ıg-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,124	2,124	*	bank is tallying with books of accounts. However, amount of book debts reported to bank
Se	p-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,421	2,421		and amount of book debts as per books is different due to
O	ct-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,256	2,256	ā	non reporting of receivables from related parties and
No	ov-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,135	2,135		grossing up impact of advance received from customer
De	ec-22	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,062	2,062		
Ja	an-23	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,104	2,104	•	
Fe	eb-23	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	2,488	2,488	•	
М	lar-23	State Bank of India	Stock + Book Debts	3,062	3,045	(17	13





Viaz Tyres Limited (Formerly known as Viaz Tubes Private Limited) Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts in Lakhs - Indian Rupee except otherwise stated)

21	Ratio	analysis	and	its e	lements

Ratio analysis and its elements			As at	As at	of Change	Reasons
Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31 Mar 2023	31 March 2022	% Change	Market
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	3.17	1.68	89%	Credit period of Debtors enhanced, Short term borrowing went down
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	1	5	-81%	Borrowings repaid via IPO funds
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non- cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	0.44	1.54	-71%	Debt service reduced due to reduction in borrowings
Return on Equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	11%	27%	-60%	New Shares Fund infusion in Feb 23 end have reduced th overall Return on Equity
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	3.67	2.57	43%	Higher sales during the yea
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable	3	- 4	-23%	Below +/- 25%
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net credit purchases = Gross credit purchases - purchase return	Average Trade Payables	17	14	24%	Below +/- 25%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets – Current liabilities	2	3	-50%	Credit period of Debtors enhanced, Short term borrowing went down
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	4%	5%	-11%	Below +/- 25%
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred - Tax Liability	9%	12%	-20%	Below +/- 25%
Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	0%	0%	0%	NA

35 The Company has considered the business segment as the primary reporting segment on the basis that the risk and returns of the Company is primarily determined by the nature of products and services. Consequently, the geographical segment has been considered as a secondary segment. The business segment have been identified on the basis of the nature of products and services, the risks and returns, internal organisation and management structure and the internal performance reporting systems. The Business segment comprises of manufacturing and Selling of Tubes and Tyres. Geographical segment is considered based on sales within India and outside

36 Previous year figures have been regrouped/rearranged whenever necessary to conform to this current year's classification.

As per our report of even date For Doshi Doshi & Co

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 153683W

Doshi Partner

Membership No.: 158931

Place : Ahmedabad Date: 27 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Janakkumar M. Patel Director

DIN: 03329692 Place : Ahmedabad

Akshita Dave Company Secretary Membership No. :- A45162

Place : Ahmedabad Date: 27 May 2023 Rajeshkumar P. Patel Director and CFO DIN: 07883688 Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 27 May 2023

